



Visual attention and sensory processing in ASD: research approaches and eyetracking methods

Georgie Powell
Tom Freeman

Starptautiska Konference, Riga 2016





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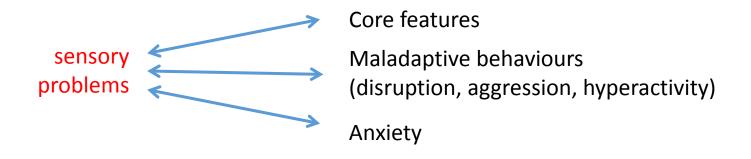
ASD and the senses

High prevalence of sensory problems in Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

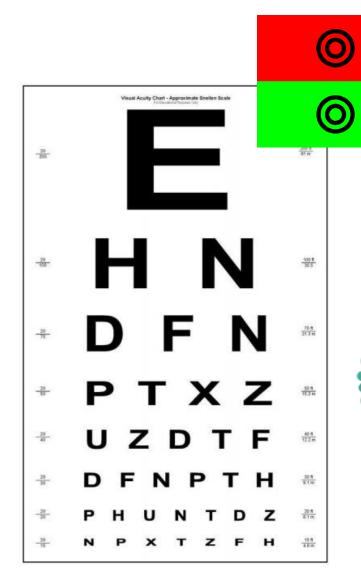
- more than 90% of individuals (Leekam et al., 2007)

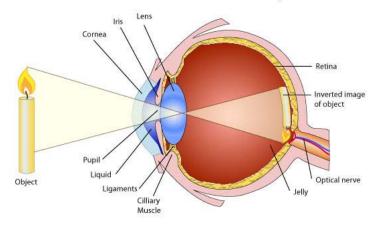
of ASD compared to core features (social & communication difficulties, repetitive behaviours)

- but now added to DSM V



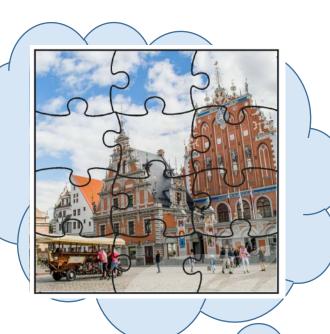
What is 'sensory'?













people road bus

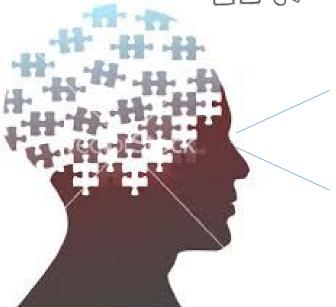
'PERCEPTION'





colours edges blobs

edges 'SENSATION'

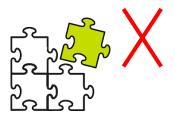




ASD and visual illusions

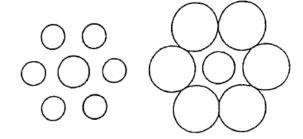
Happe (1996) – ASD see 'accurately'







Titchener circles



Control figure



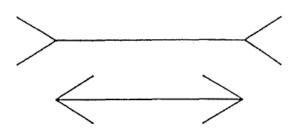
 \bigcirc

Are these two circles different sizes or the same size?

Hering illusion



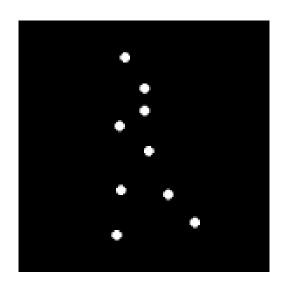
Muller-Lyer figures



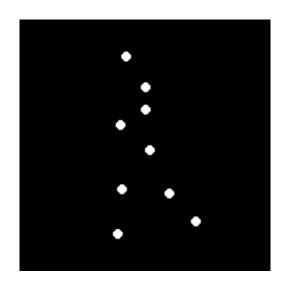
Control figure

Are these two lines the same length or different lengths?

ASD and visual perception

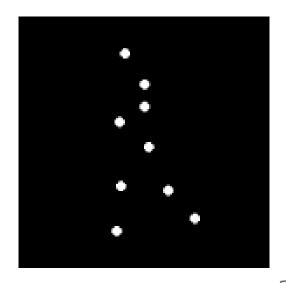


ASD and visual perception



ASD less able to see 'biological motion'

ASD and visual perception



ASD less able to see 'biological motion'

ASD struggle to name 'large' letter when 'little' letters are different



	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E

ASD find 'embedded' figure more easily





people road bus

'PERCEPTION'

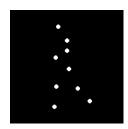


How does the brain do jigsaws?



colours edges blobs

'SENSATION'

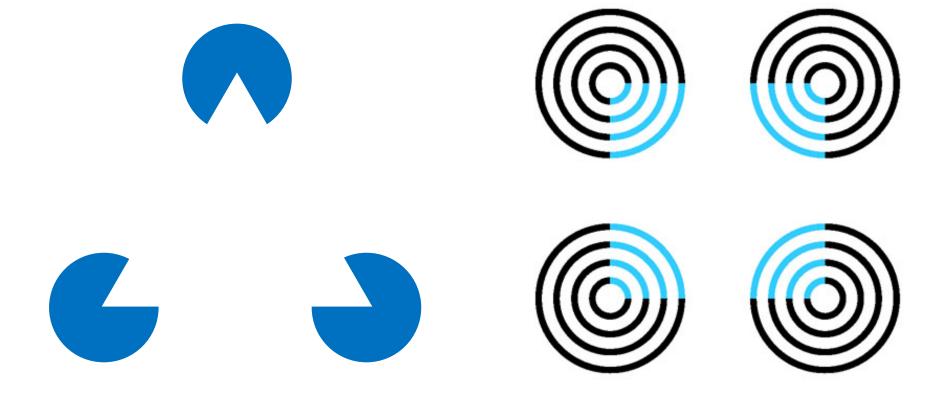


prior knowledge about world





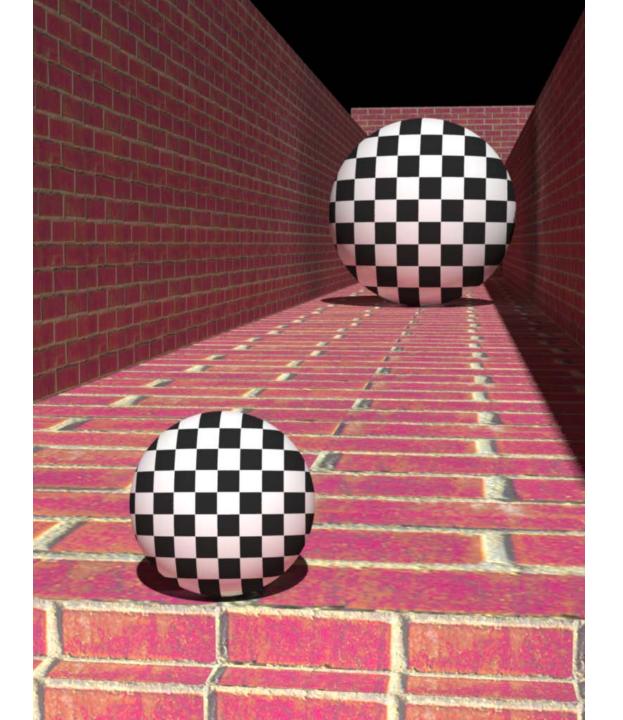
Edges = Objects



Rules of 3D geometry



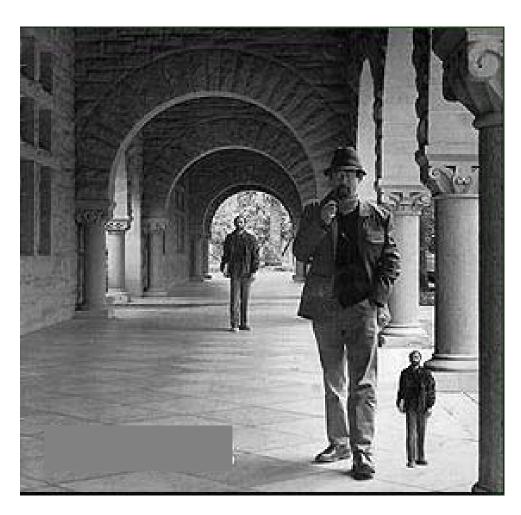


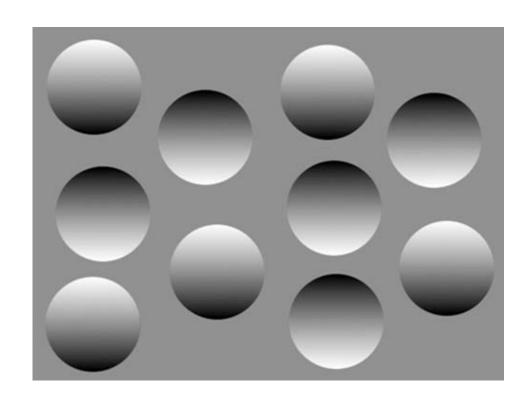


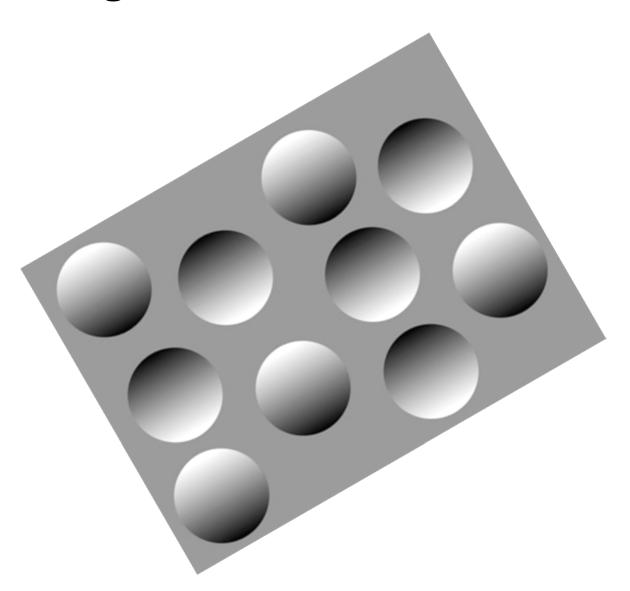
Rules of 3D geometry

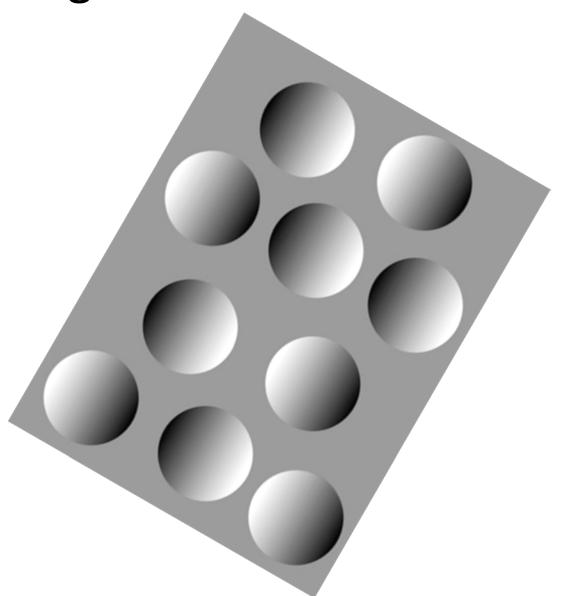


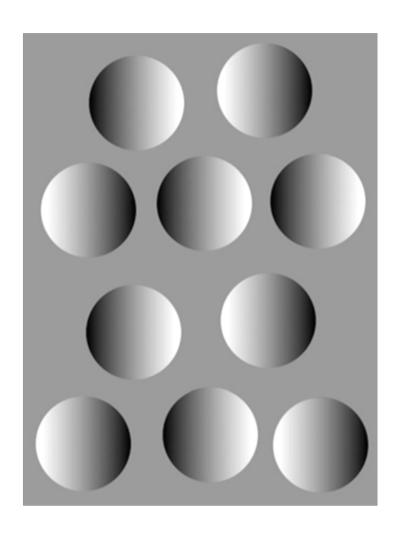
Rules of 3D geometry

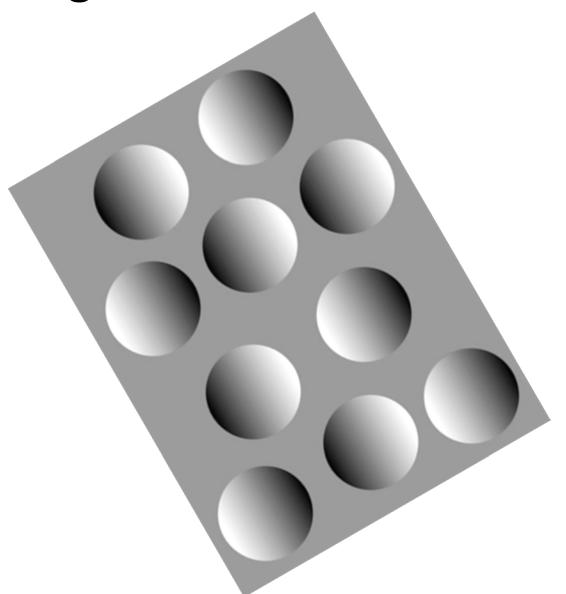


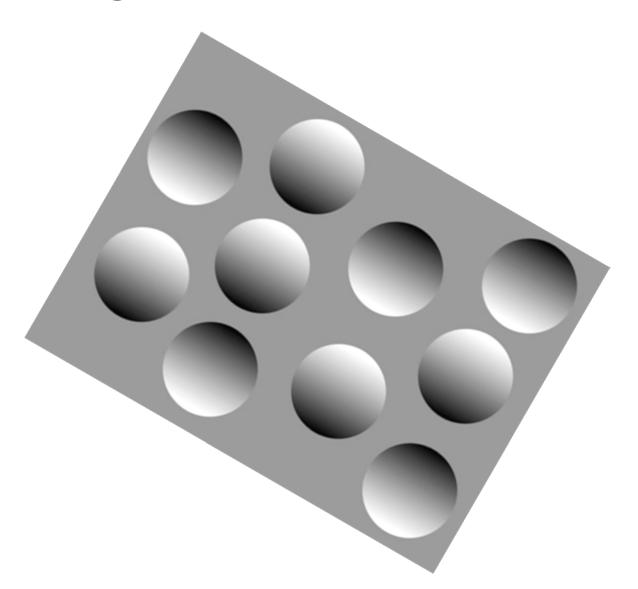


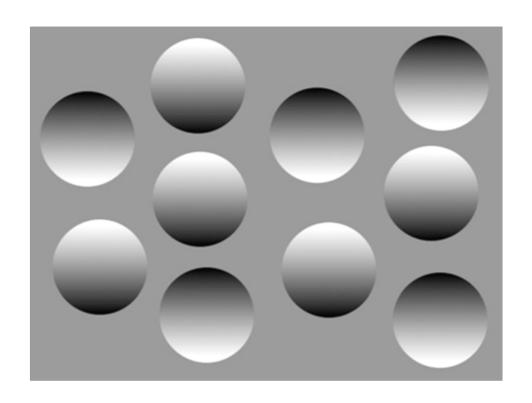






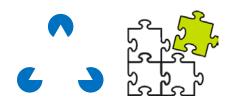




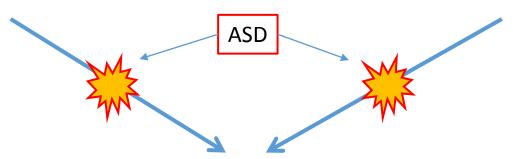








'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'

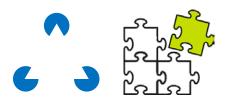


'PERCEPTION'

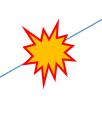


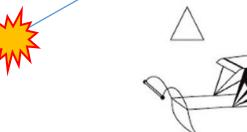






'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'





'PERCEPTION'



Weak Central Coherence (WCC, Happe & Frith, 2006)







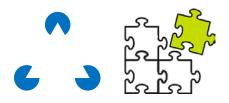
'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'

'PERCEPTION'

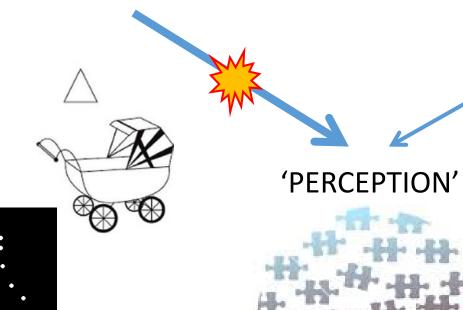




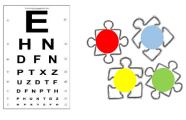




'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'



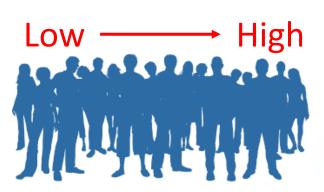
Enhanced Perceptual Function (EPP, Mottron et al, 2006)



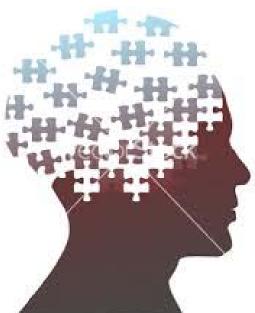




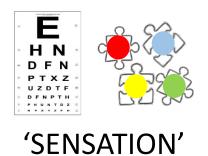
Unification: Bayesian model of ASD (Pellicano & Burr, 2010)





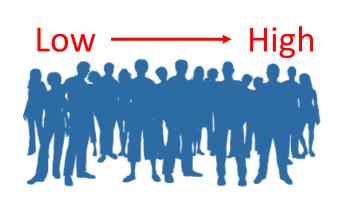


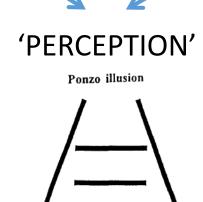


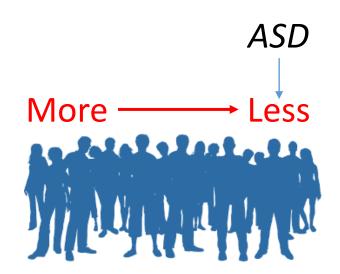


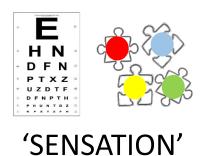


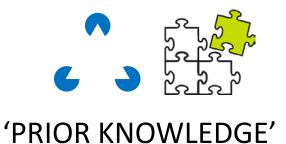
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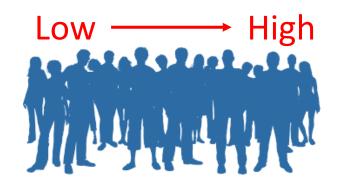


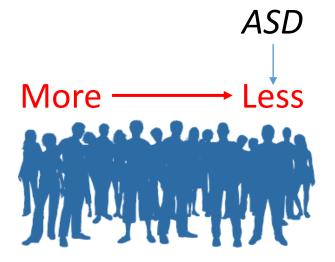




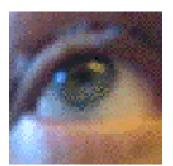
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'PERCEPTION'



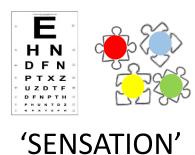


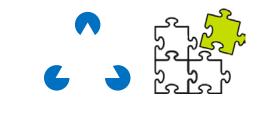




Powell, Meredith, McMillin & Freeman (2016)

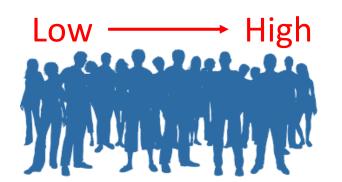
Psychological Science

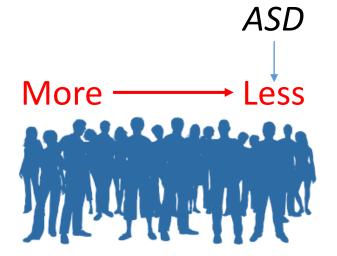




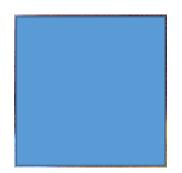
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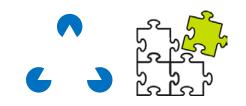
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Psychological Science









Unification: Bayesian model of ASD (Pellicano & Burr, 2010)

Motion detection



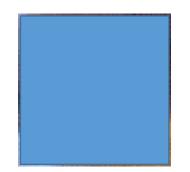
'PERCEPTION'

30 students (not ASD)

Autism Quotient Questionnaire

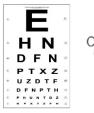






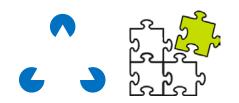
Powell, Meredith, McMillin & Freeman (2016)

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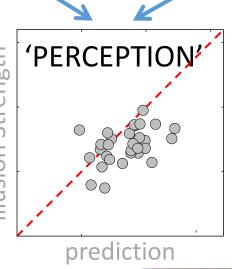




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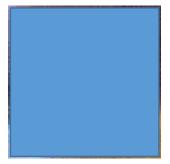










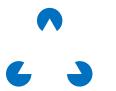


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Psychological Science

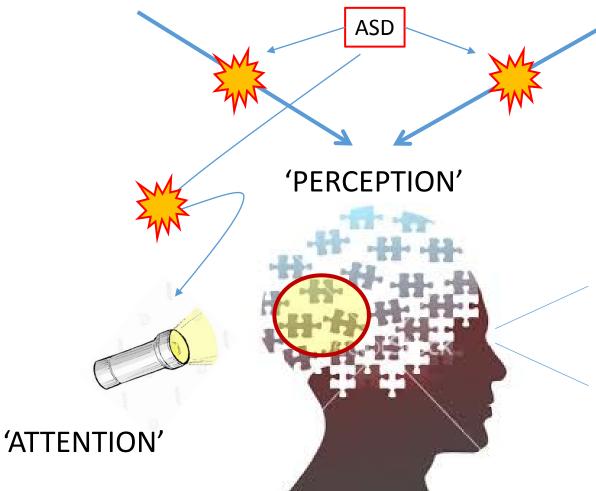




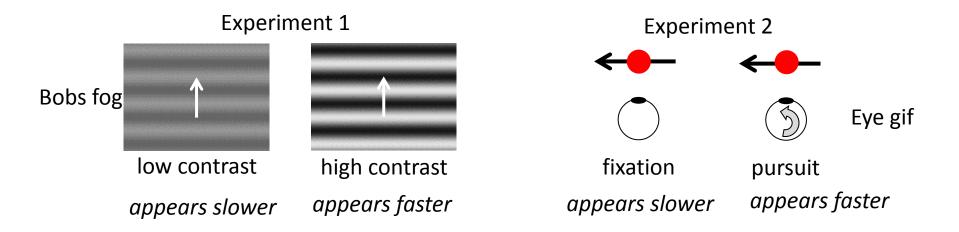




'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'

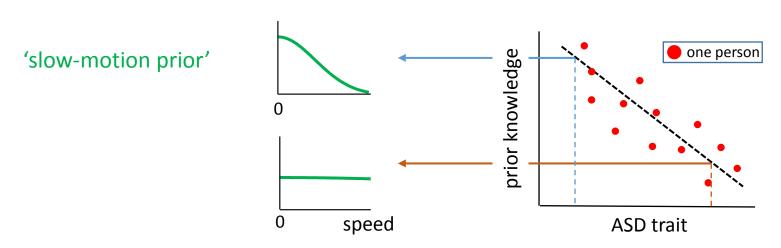






a) Measured motion detection = 'SENSATION'

b) Measured ASD traits = 'PRIOR KNOWLEDGE'



Experiment 1

